

This curriculum is part of the Educational Program of Studies of the Rahway Public Schools.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Dr. Susan Dube, Program Supervisor of Math, Science, and Technology Education

The Board acknowledges the following who contributed to the preparation of this curriculum.

Kayla Podell

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Subject/Course Title: Science Grade 4 Date of Board Adoption: September 19, 2023

RAHWAY PUBLIC SCHOOLS CURRICULUM

Science- Grade 4

PACING GUIDE

Unit	Title	Pacing
1	Environments	12 weeks
2	Energy & Waves	14 weeks
3	Earth's Systems	14 weeks

ACCOMMODATIONS

504 4 66	commodations:	IEP Accommodations:
504 Acc	Provide scaffolded vocabulary and vocabulary	 Provide scaffolded vocabulary and vocabulary
•		
	lists.	lists.
•	Provide extra visual and verbal cues and prompts.	• Differentiate reading levels of texts (e.g.,
•	Provide adapted/alternate/excerpted versions of the	Newsela).
	text and/or modified supplementary materials.	• Provide adapted/alternate/excerpted versions of the
•	Provide links to audio files and utilize video clips.	text and/or modified supplementary materials.
•	Provide graphic organizers and/or checklists.	• Provide extra visual and verbal cues and prompts.
•	Provide modified rubrics.	• Provide links to audio files and utilize video clips.
•	Provide a copy of teaching notes, especially any	 Provide graphic organizers and/or checklists.
	key terms, in advance.	 Provide modified rubrics.
•	Allow additional time to complete assignments	 Provide a copy of teaching notes, especially any
	and/or assessments.	key terms, in advance.
•	Provide shorter writing assignments.	 Provide students with additional information to
•	Provide sentence starters.	supplement notes.
•	Utilize small group instruction.	 Modify questioning techniques and provide a
•	Utilize Think-Pair-Share structure.	reduced number of questions or items on tests.
•	Check for understanding frequently.	• Allow additional time to complete assignments
•	Have student restate information.	and/or assessments.
•	Support auditory presentations with visuals.	 Provide shorter writing assignments.
•	Weekly home-school communication tools	Provide sentence starters.
	(notebook, daily log, phone calls or email	 Utilize small group instruction.
	messages).	Utilize Think-Pair-Share structure.
•	Provide study sheets and teacher outlines prior to	Check for understanding frequently.
	assessments.	 Have student restate information.
•	Quiet corner or room to calm down and relax when	 Support auditory presentations with visuals.
•	anxious.	 Provide study sheets and teacher outlines prior to
•	Reduction of distractions.	assessments.
•	Permit answers to be dictated.	 Use of manipulatives.
•	Hands-on activities.	 Have students work with partners or in groups for
•	Use of manipulatives.	reading, presentations, assignments, and analyses.
•	Assign preferential seating.	 Assign appropriate roles in collaborative work.
•	No penalty for spelling errors or sloppy	 Assign appropriate roles in conaborative work. Assign preferential seating.
•	handwriting.	 Follow a routine/schedule.
	Follow a routine/schedule.	• Follow a fourne/schedule.
•		
•	Provide student with rest breaks.	
•	Use verbal and visual cues regarding directions and	
	staying on task.	
•	Assist in maintaining agenda book.	
	and Talented Accommodations:	ML Accommodations:
•	Differentiate reading levels of texts (e.g.,	• Provide extended time.
	Newsela).	• Assign preferential seating.
•	Offer students additional texts with higher lexile	• Assign peer buddy who the student can work with.
	levels.	 Check for understanding frequently.
•	Provide more challenging and/or more	 Provide language feedback often (such as
	supplemental readings and/or activities to deepen	grammar errors, tenses, subject-verb agreements,
	understanding.	etc).
•	Allow for independent reading, research, and	Have student repeat directions.
	projects.	Make vocabulary words available during classwork
•	Accelerate or compact the curriculum.	and exams.
•	Offer higher-level thinking questions for deeper	• Use study guides/checklists to organize
	analysis.	information.
•	Offer more rigorous materials/tasks/prompts.	 Repeat directions.
•	Increase number and complexity of sources.	 Increase one-on-one conferencing.
•	Assign group research and presentations to teach	 Allow student to listen to an audio version of the
•	the class.	text.
•	Assign/allow for leadership roles during	 Give directions in small, distinct steps.
•	collaborative work and in other learning activities.	Allow copying from paper/book.
	conaborative work and in other rearning activities.	
		• Give student a copy of the class notes.

 Provide written and oral instructions.
 Differentiate reading levels of texts (e.g.,
Newsela).
 Shorten assignments.
 Read directions aloud to student.
• Give oral clues or prompts.
• Record or type assignments.
• Adapt worksheets/packets.
• Create alternate assignments.
• Have student enter written assignments in criterion,
where they can use the planning maps to help get
them started and receive feedback after it is
submitted.
 Allow student to resubmit assignments.
Use small group instruction.
 Simplify language.
 Provide scaffolded vocabulary and vocabulary
lists.
 Demonstrate concepts possibly through the use of
visuals.
• Use manipulatives.
• Emphasize critical information by highlighting it
for the student.
• Use graphic organizers.
 Pre-teach or pre-view vocabulary.
• Provide student with a list of prompts or sentence
starters that they can use when completing a
written assignment.
 Provide audio versions of the textbooks.
 Highlight textbooks/study guides.
• Use supplementary materials.
Give assistance in note taking
• Use adapted/modified textbooks.
• Allow use of computer/word processor.
• Allow student to answer orally, give extended time
(time-and-a-half).
• Allow tests to be given in a separate location (with
the ESL teacher).
 Allow additional time to complete assignments
and/or assessments.
 Read question to student to clarify.
 Provide a definition or synonym for words on a test
that do not impact the validity of the exam.
 Modify the format of assessments.
 Shorten test length or require only selected test
items.
 Create alternative assessments.
 On an exam other than a spelling test, don't take
points off for spelling errors.

UNIT OVERVIEW

Content Area: Science

Unit Title: Earth Science (Earth Systems & Earth and Human Activity)

Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 4

Unit Summary: This unit provides the students with investigations, observations, and information that focus the concepts of weathering and how water, ice, wind, living organisms, and gravity break rocks, soils, and sediments into smaller particles and move them around. Deposition is the result of that transport process that builds new landforms.

Students will make observations and/ or measurements to provide evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind or vegetation.

Approximate Length of Unit: About 12 weeks

LEARNING TARGETS

NJ Student Learning Standards:

Science

- **4-ESS1-1.** Identify evidence from patterns in rock formations and fossils in rock layers to support an explanation for changes in a landscape over time.
- **4-ESS2-1.** Make observations and/or measurements to provide evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind, or vegetation.
- 4-ESS2-2. Analyze and interpret data from maps to describe patterns of Earth's features.
- **4-ESS3-1.** Obtain and combine information to describe that energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and their uses affect the environment.
- 4-ESS3-2. Generate and compare multiple solutions to reduce the impacts of natural Earth processes on humans.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills:

- **9.4.5.CI.1**: Use appropriate communication technologies to collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives about a local and/or global climate change issue and deliberate about possible solutions (e.g., W.4.6, 3.MD.B.3,7.1.NM.IPERS.6).
- **9.4.5.CI.2**: Investigate a persistent local or global issue, such as climate change, and collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives to improve upon current actions designed to address the issue (e.g., 6.3.5.CivicsPD.3, W.5.7).
- **9.4.5.CI.3**: Participate in a brainstorming session with individuals with diverse perspectives to expand one's thinking about a topic of curiosity (e.g., 8.2.5.ED.2, 1.5.5.CR1a).
- **9.4.5.CI.4**: Research the development process of a product and identify the role of failure as a part of the creative process (e.g., W.4.7, 8.2.5.ED.6).
- **9.4.5.CT.1**: Identify and gather relevant data that will aid in the problem-solving process (e.g., 2.1.5.EH.4, 4-ESS3-1, 6.3.5.CivicsPD.2).

- **9.4.5.CT.2**: Identify a problem and list the types of individuals and resources (e.g., school, community agencies, governmental, online) that can aid in solving the problem (e.g., 2.1.5.CHSS.1, 4-ESS3-1).
- **9.4.5.CT.3**: Describe how digital tools and technology may be used to solve problems.
- **9.4.5.CT.4**: Apply critical thinking and problem-solving strategies to different types of problems such as personal, academic, community and global (e.g., 6.1.5.CivicsCM.3).
- 9.4.5.DC.4: Model safe, legal, and ethical behavior when using online or offline technology (e.g., 8.1.5.NI.2).
- **9.4.5.IML.2**: Create a visual representation to organize information about a problem or issue (e.g., 4.MD.B.4, 8.1.5.DA.3).
- 9.4.5.IML.3: Represent the same data in multiple visual formats in order to tell a story about the data.

Interdisciplinary Connections and Standards:

ELA Literacy:

- **RI.4.1.** Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
- RI.4.2. Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.
- **RI.4.3.** Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.
- NJSLSA.W1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- NJSLSA.W7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects, utilizing an inquiry-based research process, based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- NJSLSA.W8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.
- NJSLSA.W9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Technology:

8.1.2.A.4 Demonstrate developmentally appropriate navigation skills in virtual environments (i.e. games, museums).

Mathematics:

- **4.MD.A.1** Know relative sizes of measurement units within one system of units including km, m, cm; kg, g; lb,, oz.; l, ml; hr., min, sec. Within a single system of measurement, express measurements in a larger unit in terms of a smaller unit. Record measurement equivalents in a two-column table.
- **4.MD.A.2** Use the four operations to solve word problems involving distances, intervals of time, liquid volumes, masses of objects, and money, including problems involving simple fractions or decimals, and problems that require expressing measurements given in a larger unit in terms of a smaller unit. Represent measurement quantities using diagrams such as number line diagrams that feature a measurement scale.
- **4.OA.A.1** Interpret a multiplication equation as a comparison, e.g., interpret $35 = 5 \times 7$ as a statement that 35 is 5 times as many as 7 and 7 times as many as 5. Represent verbal statements of multiplicative comparisons as multiplication equations.

Mathematical Practices:

MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.MP.4 Model with mathematics.MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically.

Unit Understandings:

Students will understand that...

• identifying evidence from patterns in rock formations and fossils in rock layers can support an explanation for changes in a landscape over time.

- measurements and/or observations can provide evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind or vegetation.
- analyzing and interpreting data from maps are used to describe patterns of Earth's features.
- multiple solutions can be generated and compared to reduce the impacts of natural Earth processes on humans.

Unit Essential Questions:

- What is mechanical and chemical weathering and how does it affect the environment?
- What is erosion and how does it affect the environment?
- How do living things affect their environments?
- How does rainfall affect the environment?

Knowledge and Skills:

Students will know...

- Earth has four systems that work together.
- Earth's four systems are the atmosphere, biosphere, geosphere, and hydrosphere.
- Weathering is the breakdown or dissolving of rocks on Earth's surface.
- Mechanical weathering is when physical processes break down rock.
- Chemical weathering is when chemicals change the materials that make up a rock.
- Erosion is the movement of broken down rocks.
- All living things affect the physical characteristics of their environment.
- Rainfall impacts what an environment is like and what organisms live there.

Students will be able to...

- Create a model of ice weathering a rock and relate it to weathering in nature.
- Create a model of water weathering a rock and relate it to weathering in nature.
- Create a model of erosion and relate it to erosion in nature.
- Create a model of weathering and erosion and relate it to weathering and erosion in nature.
- Identify chemical versus mechanical weathering.
- Distinguish weathering and erosion.
- Identify the effects of weathering and erosion in the environment around their school.

EVIDENCE OF LEARNING

Common Assessments:

What evidence will be collected and deemed acceptable to show that students truly "understand"?

- Common Unit Assessments: See assessment folder for links to assessments
- Common Quiz Assessments: See assessment folder for links to assessments
- Notebook entries
- Response sheets
- Performance assessments throughout investigations

- Investigation I-Checks
- Survey/Post tests

Investigations:

- Weathering & Erosion Labs
 - Mechanical Weathering Lab Grade 4.docx
 - Weathering by Water Lab grade 4.docx
 - Chemical Weathering Lab Grade 4.docx
 - Erosion Lab Grade 4.docx
 - Weathering & Erosion Skittles Lab Grade 4.docx
 - Weathering & Erosion in our Environment Walk Grade 4.docx

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- Investigation 1: Soils and Weathering
 - Soil Composition
 - Physical Weathering
 - Chemical Weathering
 - Schoolyard Soils
- Investigation 2: Landforms
 - Erosion and deposition
 - Stream- Table Investigations

RESOURCES

Teacher Resources:

- ★ P Earth's Systems Presentation Grade 4.pptx
- ★ Next Generation Science Standards (https://www.nextgenscience.org/)
- ★ FOSS Kit Energy Investigations Guide
- ★ FOSS Web Resources for the Soils, Rocks, and Landforms Module
- ★ Grades 3-5 resources: <u>https://ny.pbslearningmedia.org/collection/universe/grade/universe-3-5/?utm_source=Iterable&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=campaign_%7BBUACILs6to12%7D</u>
- \star Generation Genius
- ★ Mystery Science
- ★ Edpuzzle
- \star Discovery Education
- ★ Thinklink
- ★ Kahoot
- \star Legends of Learning
- ★ pbskids.org
- ★ Readworks.org

Equipment Needed:

- Smart Board or Interactive White Board
- Kit Materials—see materials needed per investigation (See Materials Section in Teachers Guide)
- Safety posters
- Laptops or computers/headphones
- White boards and markers
- Notebook Sheets
- FOSS Web Resources
- Word Wall materials
- Home/School Connections Materials
- Library books as specified in materials section of teachers guide
- Science Notebooks
- Science Resources Book
- Assessment Materials per Investigation

UNIT OVERVIEW

Content Area: Science

Unit Title: Physical Science- Energy & Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer

Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 4

Unit Summary: This unit exposes students to physical science dealing with energy and change. Students will investigate electricity and magnetism as related effects and engage in engineering design while learning useful applications of electromagnetism in everyday life. Students will apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another.

Students will use evidence to construct explanations relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object and make observations to provide evidence that energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents.

Approximate Length of Unit: About 14 weeks

LEARNING TARGETS

NJ Student Learning Standards:

Science:

- 4-PS3-1. Use evidence to construct an explanation relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object.
- **4-PS3-2.** Make observations to provide evidence that energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents.
- 4-PS3-3. Ask questions and predict outcomes about the changes in energy that occur when objects collide.
- 4-PS3-4. Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another.
- **4-PS4-1.** Develop a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude and wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move.
- **4-PS4-2.** Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eye allows objects to be seen.
- 4-PS4-3. Generate and compare multiple solutions that use patterns to transfer information.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills:

- **9.4.5.CI.1**: Use appropriate communication technologies to collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives about a local and/or global climate change issue and deliberate about possible solutions (e.g., W.4.6, 3.MD.B.3,7.1.NM.IPERS.6).
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Interdisciplinary Connections and Standards:

ELA Literacy:

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- NJSLSA.W8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.
- NJSLSA.W9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Mathematics:

- **4.OA.A.3:** Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding.
- **4.G.A.1:** Draw points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, acute, obtuse), and perpendicular and parallel lines. Identify these in two-dimensional figures.

Mathematical Practices:

4.MP.4: Model with mathematics

Unit Understandings:

Students will understand that...

- the speed of an object is related to the energy of that object.
- energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents.
- a change in energy will occur when objects collide.
- there are patterns in waves in terms of amplitude and wavelength.
- waves can cause objects to move.
- light that reflects from objects that then enters the eye allows objects to be seen.
- different solutions need to be tested in order to determine which one of them best solves the problem, given the criteria and the constraints.
- possible solutions to a problem are limited by available materials and resources.

- the success of a designed solution is determined by considering the desired features of a solution.
- different proposals for solutions can be compared on the basis of how well each one meets the specified criteria for success or how well each takes the constraints into account.

Unit Essential Questions:

- What is energy?
- What is the difference between kinetic and potential energy?
- When do objects have more or less energy?
- What are the various forms of energy?
- How does energy shift between kinetic and potential?
- How does energy transfer among the various forms of energy?
- How does a collision transfer energy or force?
- What is the law of conservation of energy?
- What is force and how does it relate to energy?
- What is direct and indirect force?

Knowledge and Skills:

Students will know ...

- Energy is an objects' ability to do work.
- Energy can be kinetic or potential, and has many different forms.
- Energy shifts between kinetic and potential.
- Energy is not created or destroyed.
- Energy is transferred among its various forms.
- Force is a way that energy can be transferred.

Students will be able to...

- Predict how changes in speed affect an object's energy.
- Observe how energy can be transferred among its various forms and explain what is happening using scientific vocabulary.
- Predict changes in energy that will occur as a result of objects colliding.
- Test and refine devices that convert energy from one form to another.

EVIDENCE OF LEARNING

Assessment:

What evidence will be collected and deemed acceptable to show that students truly "understand"?

- Common Unit Assessment: See assessment folder for links to assessments
- Common Unit Quizzes: See assessment folder for links to assessments
- Notebook entries
- Response sheets
- Performance assessments throughout investigations
- Investigation I-Checks
- Survey/Post tests

Investigations:

- Investigation 1: Energy and Circuits
 - Lighting a Bulb
 - Conductors and Circuits
 - Series and Parallel Circuits
- Investigation 2: The Force of Magnetism
 - Magnets and Materials
 - Magnetic Fields
 - Magnetic Force
- Investigation 3: Electromagnets
 - Building an Electromagnet
 - Changing the Strength
- Investigation 4: Energy Transfer
 - Presence of Energy
 - Rolling Balls Down Slopes

RESOURCES

Teacher Resources:

- ★ Energy Unit Presentation: 🖻 Energy Presentation Grade 4.pptx
- ★ Next Generation Science Standards (https://www.nextgenscience.org/)
- ★ FOSS Kit Energy Investigations Guide
- ★ FOSS Web Resources for the Soils, Rocks, and Landforms Module
- ★ Presentations- <u>https://njctl.org/materials/categories/science/</u>
- ★ Grades 3-5 resources: <u>https://ny.pbslearningmedia.org/collection/universe/grade/universe-3-5/?utm_source=Iterable&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=campaign_%7BBUACILs6to12%7D</u>
- \star Generation Genius
- ★ Mystery Science
- ★ Edpuzzle
- ★ Discovery Education
- ★ Thinklink
- ★ Kahoot
- \star Legends of Learning
- ★ pbskids.org
- ★ Readworks.org

Equipment Needed:

- Smart Board or Interactive White Board
- Kit Materials—see materials needed per investigation (See Materials Section in Teachers Guide)
- Safety posters
- Laptops or computers/headphones

- White boards and markers ٠
- Notebook Sheets
- FOSS Web Resources •
- Word Wall materials ٠
- Home/School Connections Materials •
- Library books as specified in materials section of teachers guide •
- Science Notebooks
 Science Resources Book
- Assessment Materials per Investigation

UNIT OVERVIEW

Content Area: Science

Unit Title: Molecules to Organisms: Structure and Processes

Target Course/Grade Level: Grade 4

Unit Summary: This unit provides students with the opportunity to observe and describe the living and nonliving components in an ecosystem. Students will investigate the response of organisms to varying environmental factors. Students will create a freshwater aquarium with different kinds of fish, plants, and other organisms where they will monitor the environmental factors in the system and look for feeding interaction among the population. Students will learn about the role of producers, consumers, and decomposers in food chains and webs in terrestrial and aquatic systems, including a marine ecosystem. Students explore how animals receive information from their environment through their sensory system and use the information to guide their actions. Students will conduct controlled experiments by changing specific environmental conditions to determine the range of tolerance.

Approximate Length of Unit: About 14 weeks

LEARNING TARGETS

NJ Student Learning Standards:

Science

- **4-LS1-1** Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.
- **4-LS1-2** Use a model to describe that animals receive different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways.
- **4-ESS3-1** Obtain and combine information to describe that energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and their uses affect the environment.
- **4-PS4-2:** Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eyes allows objects to be seen.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills:

- **9.4.5.CI.1**: Use appropriate communication technologies to collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives about a local and/or global climate change issue and deliberate about possible solutions (e.g., W.4.6, 3.MD.B.3,7.1.NM.IPERS.6).
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- **9.4.5.CI.4**: Research the development process of a product and identify the role of failure as a part of the creative process (e.g., W.4.7, 8.2.5.ED.6).

- **9.4.5.CT.1**: Identify and gather relevant data that will aid in the problem-solving process (e.g., 2.1.5.EH.4, 4-ESS3-1, 6.3.5.CivicsPD.2).
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Interdisciplinary Connections and Standards:

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- NJSLSA.W9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Mathematics:

- **4.G.A.1:** Draw points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, acute, obtuse), and perpendicular and parallel lines. Identify these in two-dimensional figures. (4-PS4-2)
- **4.G.A.3:** Recognize a line of symmetry for a two-dimensional figure as a line across the figure such that the figure can be folded across the line into matching parts. Identify line-symmetric figures and draw lines of symmetry.

Unit Understandings:

Students will understand that...

- plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior and reproduction.
- animals receive different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways.
- energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and their uses affect the environment.
- analyzing and interpreting data from fossils will provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago.
- variations in characteristics among individuals of the same species may provide advantages in surviving, finding mates, and reproducing.
- when the environment changes, the types of plants and animals that live there may change.in a particular habitat.

Unit Essential Questions:

- How does an organism's structure fit its function?
- How do internal and external structures function to support the survival of plants and animals?
- How do senses function to help an animal's survival?
- How do animals react to their environments?
- How do plants react to their environments?

Knowledge and Skills:

Students will know ...

- The core 4 functions of organisms: growth, survival, behavior and reproduction.
- Examples of how plant and animal structures, both internally and externally, function to fulfill the core functions.
- How senses benefit animals in respect to how they respond to their environment.
- How animals use information processing and memory to guide their actions.
- How plants respond to their environments via tropisms.

Students will be able to ...

- Analyze a plant or animal and explain how the internal and external features support their survival.
- Model information processing and understand how it helps animals to respond to their environments.
- Explain how information processing and memory guide the actions of animals.
- Describe several different tropisms through which plants react to their environments.

EVIDENCE OF LEARNING

Assessment:

What evidence will be collected and deemed acceptable to show that students truly "understand"?

- Structure & Function Unit Common Assessment: See assessment folder for links to assessments
- Structure & Functions Unit Quizzes: See assessment folder for links to assessments
- Notebook entries
- Response sheets
- Performance assessments throughout investigations
- Investigation I-Checks
- Survey/Post tests

RESOURCES

Teacher Resources:

- ★ Structure & Functions Presentation:
 Structure & Function Presentation Grade 4.pptx
- ★ Teacher Demo Instructions: W Demo What Is That Teacher Notes Grade 4.docx
- ★ Bite into Structure Activity Presentation & Worksheet:
 P Bite into Structure & Function Activity Grade 4.pptx
 W Bite into Structure & Function Activity Recording Sheet Grade 4.docx
- ★ Next Generation Science Standards (https://www.nextgenscience.org/)
- ★ Presentations- <u>https://njctl.org/materials/categories/science/</u>
- ★ Grades 3-5 resources: <u>https://ny.pbslearningmedia.org/collection/universe/grade/universe-3-5/?utm_source=Iterable&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=campaign_%7BBUACILs6to12%7D</u>
- \star Generation Genius
- ★ Mystery Science
- ★ Edpuzzle
- \star Discovery Education
- ★ Thinklink
- ★ Kahoot
- \star Legends of Learning
- ★ pbskids.org
- ★ Readworks.org

Equipment Needed:

- Smart Board or Interactive White Board
- Kit Materials—see materials needed per investigation (See Materials Section in Teachers Guide)
- Safety posters
- Laptops or computers/headphones
- White boards and markers
- Notebook Sheets
- FOSS Web Resources
- Word Wall materials
- Home/School Connections Materials
- Library books as specified in materials section of teachers guide
- Science Notebooks
- Science Resources Book
- Assessment Materials per Investigation